

The Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol. XIII.

QU'APPELLE STATION, N. W. T., THURSDAY, MAR 3 1898.

No. 20

GARDEN AND FLOWER SEEDS

New Century
Cattle Food

NEW BOOKS

Circulating
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HENDERSON & PARKER

Druggists and Stationers,

QU'APPELLE STATION, N. W. T.

Incorporated 1870. I

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.

This Is

Our

Bargain Month.

BARGAINS

Dress Goods,
Furs,
Hosiery,
Ribbons,
Etc., Etc.

Bargains in
Felt Boots,
Overshoes,
Moccasins,
Etc., Etc.

Bargains in
Crockery and
Glassware,

AT THE

Hudson's Bay Co'y

Fort Qu'Appelle.

The New Furniture Store

At Qu'Appelle Station is now open, and a full line of
House Furnishings on hand at very low prices.

HOLIDAY GOODS A SPECIALTY

PARLOR SUITES,
BEDROOM SUITES,
IRON and WOOD BEDSTEADS,
WIRE SPRINGS,
MATTRESSES (wool and mixed)
SIDEBOARDS,
BUREAUS,

FINE and COMMON ROCKERS,
DINING-ROOM CHAIRS,
COMMON CHAIRS,
EXTENSION TABLES,
COMMON TABLES,
EASY CHAIRS,
PICTURE FRAMES,
BOYS' SLEIGHS, Etc.

CHEAP FOR CASH
J. DOOLITTLE & CO.

SUPPORT HOME INDUSTRY

Qu'Appelle Valley

Flour Mills, Fort Qu'Appelle

ESTABLISHED 1884.

CRISTING.

Bran, Shorts, Chop, Cracked Wheat,

Chopper for Grinding Feed Stuff. Full supply always on hand at
Creamer & Gray's, Qu'Appelle Station.

JOYNER & ELKINGTON, Proprietors.

S. H. Caswell & Co.,

BANKERS,

Financial and Insurance Agents

COLLECTIONS SOLICITED—RETURNS
PROMPTLY MADE.

Five Per Cent. Interest Allowed
on Deposit Accounts.

CORRESPONDENTS:
MOLSON'S BANK, Winnipeg.
MERCHANTS' BANK OF CANADA,
Toronto.

Cheques and Drafts for all parts of
the World Bought and Sold.

Qu'Appelle Station. - - A 332.

CITY MEAT MARKET

D. BROWN,

(Successor to R. Johnston.)

WHOLESALE
AND RETAIL

Butcher.

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR
CATTLE, SHEEP, HOGS, AND
POULTRY.

Fresh and Smoked Fish always on hand.
Pork (Fresh and Salt), Bacon, Smoked
Hams, Shoulders, Bologna and Pork
Sausages.

CALL AND SEE US.

Main St., Qu'Appelle Station, Assa

WOLSELEY

— FLOUR.

Buckwheat Flour
Graham Flour
Oats, Rolled Oats
Indian Meal
Timothy Seed
Herbaceous
Flax Seed Meal
Meal from No. 1
hard wheat.

ALWAYS ON HAND
— GIVE US A CALL.

W. McFARLANE,
One door north of Glasgow-Harris building,
Qu'Appelle Station.

THE SUNBEAM Farming Company

(Limited),

London, England, and Indian Head

Having resolved to wind up,

The Horses, Oxen & Implements

Will be sold

BY AUCTION

for cash, at an early date, unless otherwise
disposed of. Time and place will be
announced in good time.

ALBERT A. M. DALE, Liquidator
1644 Qu'Appelle Station.

A Great Snap

FOR SALE

The Stock of

G. H. V. BULYEA

Consisting of

Bedsteads,
Mattresses,
Pillows, Etc.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

Picture Mouldings

AT YOUR OWN PRICE.

W. MACK.

C. T. Bailey & Co.'s Warehouse.

For Sale.

I HAVE FOR SALE either one of the
two following bulls, namely, one short
horn roan bull, three years old, from im-
ported stock; one black Galloway bull, three
years old. For particulars apply to
1644 J. R. NORTH, Fort Qu'Appelle.

Farming Lands for Sale

7,200 ACRES, in Townships 17, 18
and 19, Ranges 13, 14 and
15. Terms very reasonable and prices
right. J. H. MacCAUL.

DEATHS

GRAY—At Edgeley, on March 2nd,
Rene, beloved daughter of Thos.
and Maggie Gray, aged 4 years
and 5 months.

THE PRINCE ALBERT ROUTE.

The Winnipeg Tribune.

Mr. Geo. Foulds, of this city has
received a letter from Mr. A. Mc-
Nab, secretary of the Prince Albert
Board of Trade, in which he says:

The immense number of people
who will swarm to the Klondike
during the coming season will
doubtless tax the carrying capacity
of the other routes, and if only a
small number could be induced to
try our route, we feel confident that
its superiority will speak favorably
for it—especially as regards
economy and safety.

This is an all water route, down
stream almost the entire distance,
with few portages or difficulties of
any kind, and a party adopting it
would be at no expense after leav-
ing Green Lake, save a portage at
Portage La Loche 124 miles where
horses, oxen, carts and wagons can
be obtained—probable cost not
exceeding 50c. per 100 pounds.
Again at Ft. Smith, a good H.B.Co.
portage, 16 miles over which the
H.B.C. transfer freight for (not
exceeding) 75c. per 100 pounds.

We claim for this "the poor man's
route," perfect safety and economy
—A Sturgeon Head boat, capacity
from 7500 to 8000 pounds cost \$150
at Green Lake for a party of five.
Say 7,500 lbs. for 5 men, 1,500 lbs.
per man, 2 lbs. per day for two
years. As fish and game abound
along the line of travel, and as only
18 months are required to give two
summers in the diggings—with
economy should be sufficient.

In plain words a party adopting
this route would be making big
wages taking in their own supplies.

The advantage to Prince Albert
by drawing attention to this route
—and by giving publicity through
the press to our natural advantages
would be very great and I believe
that now is the time if ever to
bring this town and section of the
country to the front—if each one
interested will lend a helping hand
this can be done and lasting bene-
fits secured.

JUST IN TIME.

Heart Disease Had Him at Death's Door—
Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart Worked
Almost a Miracle.

C. A. Campbell, Mountiron, Minn., writes:
"I had just at the point of death from
most acute heart disease, and with hardly
a hope that a remedy could reach my case I
procured a bottle of Dr. Agnew's Cure for
the heart. I believe this great remedy got
to me just in time. The first dose gave
me great relief inside of thirty minutes,
and before I had taken a bottle I was up
from what I thought was my death bed.
I was cured, and I consider my cure almost
miraculous."

Sold by Parker & Henderson.

Vernon.

We hear, from a perfectly
authentic quarter, that two young
men of great pedestrian qualities,
essayed to walk from a homestead to
pay a visit to a residence about
2½ miles distant. The trail was
blown over, snow lying in large
drifts, but these young adventurers,
with Klondike like zeal, pushed on
dauntlessly. They reached the
looked for haven, and after a most
enjoyable evening started home-
wards. After much difficulty,
these twain arrived home at 12.45
a. m. Our two friends passed, not
"through fire and water," but
through every available bluff be-
tween the two houses in their
attempts to find the trail.

Mr. W. Cooper has taken up his
abode for an indefinite period at
Indian Head.

Miss Polly Evans returned from
Lethbridge last Tuesday week.

Cold weather has been experi-
enced here the last few days.

Mr. Herbert Cooper is visiting at
Mrs. F. Whiting's.

A meeting was held at Mr. W. G.
Cooper's on the evening of Feb. 23

in connection with the Vernon
Football Club. Mr. A. Whiting in
chair. The recent dance in
Qu'Appelle showed a balance of
about \$38 in the club's favor.
The officers for the coming year
were elected, but up to the time of
writing we have not heard who
they were.

Miss Lucy Cooper is visiting
Mrs. Johnson.

Ontario Elections.

The Hardy Government in On-
tario has been sustained, but only
by a very small majority. The
result of the elections on Tuesday
was the return of 47 Liberals, 44
Conservatives, 1 Independent and 1
Patron. In 1894 there were elect-
ed 50 Liberals and 27 Conservatives.

Ontario Liberals claim 48 seats
exclusive of Russell and Parry
Sound. Conservatives have 44 ex-
clusive of East Wellington.

Davin Doings.

A new settler arrived last week
at the residence of Mr. W. Bell. It
is a girl this time.

E. Shaw and bride are expected
from the East in a few days. Good
for you, Ezra, we wish you joy.

We are waiting to hear from our
old friends Mr. Richard Hicks and J.
Shaw, hope they will be equally
successful and not come home alone.

When the preacher arrived at the
Methodist church on Sunday, the
boys were shoveling snow; the bliz-
zard had blown open the door dur-
ing the week and done its best to
fill the building with snow.

Sorry that Mr. G. Elliot had to
call in the doctor for his boy.

The two city gentlemen who up-
set their jumper in Spencerville on
Sunday morning, arrived here on
schedule time.

We have had two pretty wed-
dings this winter, and Mr. J. Hicks
has been presented with another
bonnie girl.

The C. P. R. annual report an-
nounces that the C. N. P.R. will be
completed by the end of August.

Calgary citizens forwarded a
resolution to Ottawa urging im-
mediate construction of a wagon
road from Edmonton to Yukon.

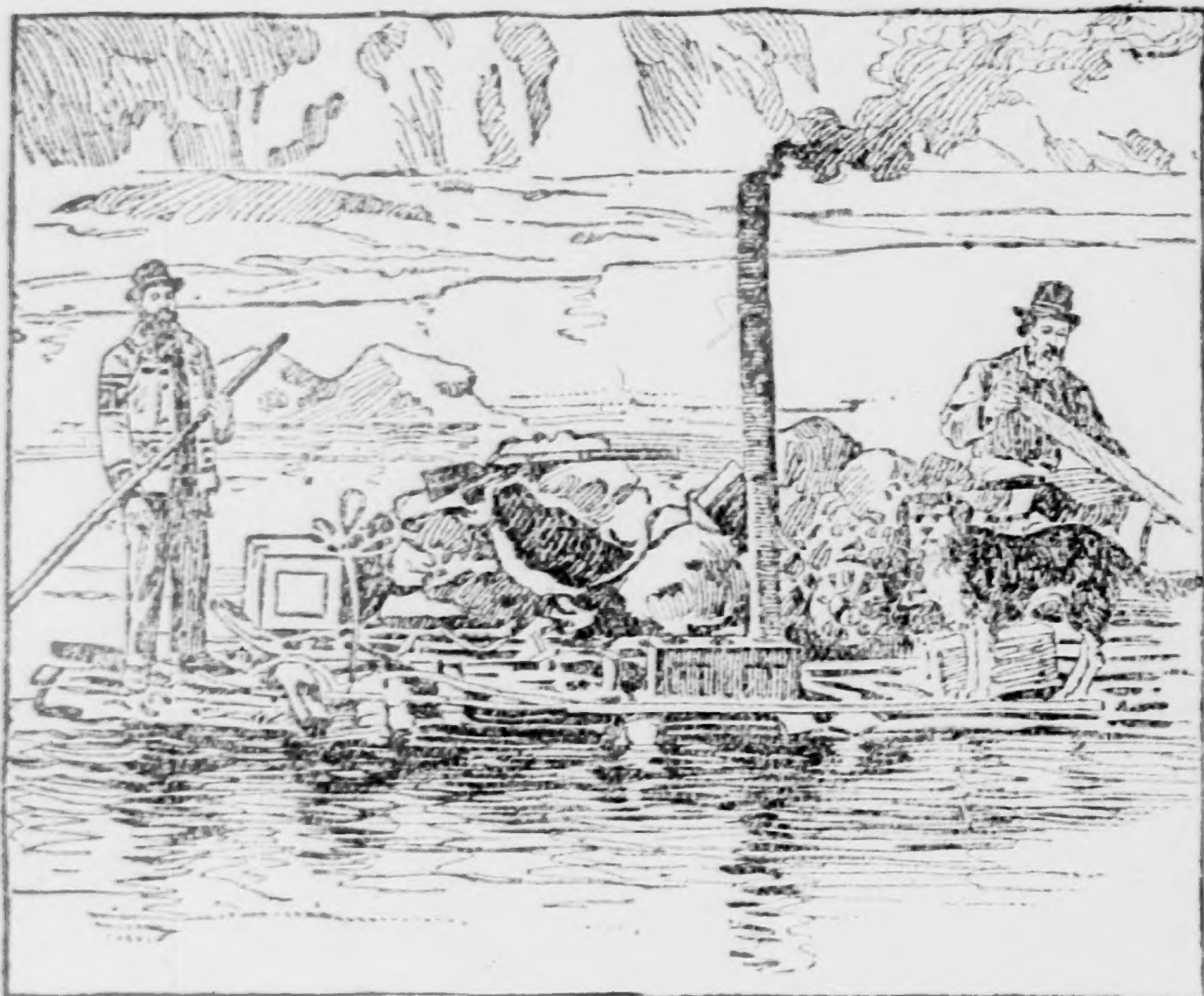


The village blacksmith is usually
considered the type
of good health.
Even he sickens and
dies frequently in
early youth. No
man, not even the
most robust, can af-
ford to neglect his
health, which is his
most precious en-
dowment. The
man who does so
will sooner or
later pay the
penalty in some
serious or fatal
malady. When a
man finds that he
is losing his ap-
petite, that he
passes restless
nights, that he
awakens in the morning unrefreshed and
without ambition or mental or bodily vigor,
when he is troubled with headaches, nerv-
ousness or biliousness, it is time for him to
take serious thought for his health.

These symptoms are by no means trivial,
and are indicative of disorders that may
lead to consumption, nervous prostration,
malarial troubles or some serious blood
disease. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Dis-
covery is the best of all medicines for men
and women who suffer in this way. It re-
stores the lost appetite; it gives sweet, re-
freshing sleep; makes the digestion perfect,
the liver active and purifies and enriches
the blood. It is the greatest of all nerve-
tonics. It cures 98 per cent. of all
cases of consumption, weak lungs, bron-
chitis, spitting of blood, obstinate coughs
and kindred ailments. It is also an unfail-
ing cure for nervous exhaustion and pro-
stration. At all medicine stores.

Mrs. Rebecca E. Carver, of Grafton, York
Co., Va., writes: "When I was married I
weighed 125 pounds. I was taken sick and re-
covered in health and broke out with a disease
which my doctor said was eczema. I felt away
to my point. I began using Dr. Pierce's Golden
Medical Discovery, and now I weigh 135 pounds
and am well."

Constipation often causes sickness. Dr.
Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation.
One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and
two a mild cathartic. They never gripe.
They are tiny, sugar-coated, anti-bilious
granules in little vials. Druggists have
not sold else "just a good." They regu-
late the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.



RAFTING SUPPLIES ON THE UPPER YUKON.

TO ART BEGINNERS.

HOW TO BECOME SUCCESSFUL ILLUSTRATORS.

The Earnings of Good Artists in the Large Cities—How to Begin—The Indispensable Talent—Sketching From Nature and Copying.

When I speak of becoming an artist, I use the word as referring to work with the pencil and brush, especially with a view of newspaper and book illustration. This is quite remunerative when well and artistically done. Twenty-five dollars a week is a low figure, while five times that amount is often earned by competent artists. A \$20 or \$30 drawing can be readily made in the course of one or two days, and a competent artist finds little trouble in earning \$50 or \$60 a week.

There are instances in which an artist receives \$10,000 a year for his exclusive services. It is becoming quite common for the daily papers to employ artists to illustrate the articles in their issues. These of necessity are drawn hurriedly, sometimes in the evening, after which they are "processed" in time to be used in the next morning's paper. Some of these artists are paid according to the amount of work they do, corresponding to what are known as "space writers" on the papers. They earn all the way from \$15 to \$60 a week. An artist whose political cartoon attracted the favorable notice of a leading New York paper receives \$80 a week for his work without regard to the specific number of drawings furnished.

When an artist has established a reputation for excellence in a particular branch, such as landscape, figure, marine or humorous work, he finds little idle time on his hands. A certain publisher some time ago decided to have four first class drawings made for a work which he was preparing to bring out. He wished each done by the respective artist most noted for his excellence in that line. He made application to 18 different ones, offering to pay their own prices. He was able to secure only one of the artists, because their time was mortgaged for months in advance. When it is stated that the drawing which he required would have been paid for at the rate of \$100 apiece and could have been finished each in a couple of days, it will be understood that these artists had made no mistake in choosing their profession.

Let it be remembered, too, that in this profession a woman stands on precisely the same ground as a man. Publishers pay for what they want and get, with no regard to the sex of the one furnishing it. But would be artists must be warned against two fatal errors. Unless you possess natural artistic talent you will never be more than a plodder in the profession. The cities are full of mediocre draftsmen, who solicit orders and will turn out tolerably fair work, for which they earn about the same wages as the clerks in grocery stores. They have not the time to study and advance in their profession, even if they had the ability, for it is a question of

bread and butter with them. They plod and toil and grind year after year, ending where they began—at the foot of the ladder.

The first mistake, therefore, lies in taking up the profession of an artist without possessing aptitude in that direction.

Nearly every boy and girl is fond of pictures, but not many possess the genuine artistic ability. It is no proof that you are gifted in that line if you can copy a picture from a book. You have seen many a father and mother display the work of one of their children with pride and the confident belief that the boy or girl is intended by nature to become one of the great artists of the country. The specimen is probably the penciled copying of some paper or book illustration. It looks quite well when it possesses no real merit at all. Any

one began at the right point, nature, and when he was 17 years old was earning a good salary on a New York paper.

So if you feel like drawing pictures sketch nature. Make the best representation you can of the home in which you live, of some of the simplest articles of furniture, of the animals around you. Try to put the features of your father or mother on paper. When you have done the best you can, examine your work carefully and try to see its defects. If the profile of your loved mother shows no resemblance to her, find out wherein the failure lies. Is the nose too long or too short? Has it a curve when it should not have it, or does it fail to show the exact contour? Is the mouth faulty, the chin too retreating or too prominent, the shape of the head bad, the pose of the body wrong, the eyes too large or too small?

When you have made all the corrections that can suggest themselves, you will probably find that no one would ever suspect the picture was meant as a portrait of the person intended. You have drawn all the features as correctly as possible, and yet it doesn't look a bit like her. Indeed there is no suggestion of the lady, because that impalpable requisite called expression is wanting.

Never mind. Try it again and again, and the time will come when from the carefully traced lines you will be delighted at the appearance of something which all will recognize as belonging to your mother. This is proof that you are progressing in your work. Meantime try your hand on animals, and indeed on whatever interests you, studying and striving to understand the merits of the illustrations in your schoolbooks and whatever works you have at home. Invite the criticisms of your friends and continually strive to improve.

It having been demonstrated that you have within you the making of a draftsman, you have one fatal error to avoid, and, failing to do that, you are as certain to fail in your chosen profession as darkness is to succeed day. I refer to



AT THE HEAD OF LAKE LINDEMAN.

This scene is from a photograph taken at the end of the terrible Chilkat pass.

just that he should continue to give his work and time without remuneration, and inasmuch as he shared their confidence he set up for himself. He was soon able to earn \$12 or \$15 a week and is still earning it. The advice of his teacher, that he should keep studying and working for a year or two longer, was regarded as the promptings of selfishness in order that he might receive the benefit of the young man's work, but the counsel was for the student's good, as he learned when it was too late to help him.

It may be that your circumstances are such that you cannot avail yourself of the advantages named. You are compelled to remain in the country or small

or what you can do may be crude and faulty, but if the evidence of ability is there they will be quick to detect it. Your drawing in ordinary eyes may bear no comparison to the painstaking work of some other boy or girl who has laboriously copied a picture from a book or newspaper, but it is the very key he wants.

If you wish to become a successful artist, then, your course is plain—use every facility at your command. Practice makes perfect. If you are without a teacher, copy from nature and do it with a constant effort to improve your work. Examine it mercilessly for defects and strive to the utmost to correct them.

Provide yourself with the best instruction books obtainable on the subject of drawing. This branch has become such a favorite one in our public schools that admirable textbooks can be bought at small cost. Having secured these, resolve that you will master them, not in a few weeks or months, but by years of hard, patient, persistent work.

With a natural ability on your part and conscientious study and application nothing except the providence of God can prevent your becoming a bright and successful artist.

Should your ambition lead you in the direction of painting in oil or water colors you can give them attention after mastering the work I have outlined, or if you have the means at command you can pursue the study under competent instructors.

FRANK KENDRICK.

It Certainly Does.

He—But the worst of cycling is that it brings one in contact with all kinds of people.

She (thinking of her bruises)—It certainly does, especially the first week or so.—Tit-Bits.

Remindful.

"Do you feel at home here?" asked the doctor at the sanitarium.

"Well," admitted Henpeck, "there is a constant buzzing in my ears."—New York Journal.

Frightened For a Moment.

He—They say that George Hartley has been talking a good deal behind your back lately.

She (turning pale)—I'd like to know what he's been saying.

He—Oh, you know well enough. It was all done on his tandem.

Then she drew a long sigh of relief.

What He Wanted.

"Have you read 'The Choir Invisible'?"

"No. What I want to learn about is 'The Choir Inaudible.'"—Cleveland Record.

Between Two Fires.

"I suppose," said the young father, "that if he is our only child he will be ruined."

"But then," he added, "if he isn't, I'll be."—New York Sun.



LANDING GOODS FROM SCOWS AT SKAGGUAY.

boy or girl can, by taking sufficient pains, make a presentable copy of some other artist's work and yet be totally lacking in artistic talent.

That boy or girl who possesses the making of an artist will copy nature and not the productions of others. One of the most successful of living artists told me that his earliest recollection was that of sitting on the ground with a big pencil and a piece of paper trying to make a picture of a cow. He didn't seek to take it from a book or a paper, but it was the animal which his mother was milking.

Wherever he saw a creature and could gain the chance he tried to make a picture of it. Horses, cows, chickens, dogs, cats, sheep, his brothers, sisters, parents and playmates, all came under his eager pencil. The pictures were laughably crude, and some of them bore little resemblance to the originals, but

the mistake of supposing that you can become a genuine artist without patient, prolonged, conscientious mastering of the rudiments.

Buy an elementary treatise on drawing. Study with the utmost pains the rules and instructions. You will be astonished to find how much you have disregarded them and how little you know. Your pictures may possess originality and perhaps be striking in some respects, and yet you will be certain to find that you have violated some of the simplest rules of perspective or shading, which, unless corrected, will prevent you from attaining the eminence within your reach. Make up your mind that you will master these and guard against impatience. The piano student is continually wanting to attempt tunes, but the sensible teacher keeps him at the "exercises" until he has mastered all the technical details and is fully prepared for higher flights of harmony.

The course suggested is the one to follow if you are living outside of the large cities, where provision is made for the instruction of art students. With this at your command you will not fail to take the fullest advantage of it. When you are fairly started, you will be surprised to find how little you know and how much remains to learn.

The most difficult and yet the most essential instruction of all—that of drawing from the human figure or from models—is here taught. Experienced instructors show you your faults, and you have only to apply yourself and take full advantage of your opportunities in order to attain brilliant success. But don't expect to reach that point in one or two or three years or ever to attain the point that renders further study unnecessary. Perfection is unattainable, but you can be forever drawing nearer to it.

There is danger of parents interfering at a critical time. Their purpose is commendable, but they commit a grave mistake nevertheless when they do so. I have known a young man after studying a couple of years in the office of an artist to show such improvement that his parents really believed him the equal of his instructor. They felt it un-

town for a number of years, and there is none among your acquaintances competent to give you instruction.

Such being the case, your task may be a little harder, but success is within your reach if you will resolutely follow the suggestions already given. A little outlay will procure you books of instruction in drawing, and if you will begin at the bottom and apply yourself you will in due time master the elementary principles and advance steadily. Then if you will visit some artist in the nearest city with specimens of your work he will give you valuable advice. He may offer you a chance to enter his studio, though you must understand that in case he does so the obligation is altogether on your side and you are fortunate indeed.

Successful artists are always on the lookout for youths of talent. The work which you submit to them as evidence



BUILDING RAFTS ON LAKE LINDEMAN.

Prospectors who take the Chilkat pass route must build their own boats or rafts to cross Lake Lindeman.



NOT NECESSARY TO PADDLE YOUR OWN CANOE.

Miles canyon is a monster water toboggan slide on the Yukon. The passage through is made in three minutes, or at the rate of nearly 13 miles an hour. In low water there is a rock in the middle of the channel that renders the passage more difficult.

OUR WESTERN HERITAGE.

THE HAPPENINGS OF THE GREAT WEST BRIEFLY TOLD.

A Resume of the Events of the Week Told in Short and Interesting Items—Prominent People, Their Sayings and Doings.

It is likely that the Pipestone branch of the C. P. E. will be extended to Wood Mountain.

A. H. Baker, general merchant, of Rosebank, Man., has assigned to the official assignee.

The striking boiler-makers of Victoria, B. C., have been granted an increase in pay, and have returned to work.

Information has been laid against 30 hotel men of the city of Winnipeg for infraction of the Liquor License Laws.

The proclamation calling the Manitoba legislature together for the transaction of business on March 10th, appears in the official gazette.

A prisoner being tried in Judge Jackson's court at Wrangel for selling whiskey to Indians, fired three shots in court, wounding an Indian witness.

The manager of the Winnipeg Industrial exhibition has received a cablegram from London, Eng., asking for a space at the exhibition to be held next July.

Influenza is raging among the horses of Winnipeg. The disease is contagious in the worst degree, and when one horse in a stable is attacked they all suffer from it.

The Fraser, becoming a famous river for sturgeon. The value of this fish taken from the Fraser in the last twelve months is \$75,000. The price is now two cents per pound.

A mining property on Lake Bonnet, in the southeastern part of Manitoba, has been bonded to an English investor for \$15,000. The claim is owned by Winnipeg parties.

Judge Scott, of Calgary, has sentenced Arthur Collins to two years and nine months in Stony Mountain for cattle stealing. An appeal is likely to be taken to the supreme court of Canada.

The Bank of British North America has about decided to open a branch at Dawson City, to compete with the Commerce. Although the latter will enjoy a government bonus, the British bank hopes to get a good share of the business.

A branch of the Molson's bank is being opened in Vancouver under the management of H. Lockwood, assistant inspector, who will also act as supervisor of the branches of the bank in British Columbia and in the Northwest.

James C. Christie, who at present is in Ottawa from Dawson City, states that dredging for gold in the streams of that region is simply impossible, as the bed is frozen all the year to such an extent that dredging apparatus would not work.

The wife of Mr. J. Shaw, of Pierson, Assn., attempted suicide in three different ways a few days ago, first by taking Kenda's blister, and then by hanging herself in the barn but the rope was cut just in time to save her life. The third and last time she forced a darning needle into her heart, which killed her. Her mind has been unbalanced since last April. She leaves a husband and five children.

C. E. Perry, manager of construction for the C. P. R., is at Wrangel making arrangements for wharfe required there by the company for their ocean steamers, and along the Stikine for river boats. Mr. Perry has arranged for the purchase from Messrs. Reid and Sylvester of the original Troup's wharf which will be extended, and when completed will be 600 feet long and 160 feet wide. He also arranged for warehouse accommodation on a large scale.

A Nelson, B. C., dispatch says: The steamer from Kuskanoek, a new town at the head of Kootenay lake, formerly Goat river landing, has brought down the body of Dennis Connors who was murdered the other night by a man named Doyle. Without any provocation Doyle drew a revolver and pointing it at Connors said: "Get up or I'll shoot you." Connors replied "Fire away." Doyle immediately fired. Connors fell dead and Doyle escaped.

It is said that the Manitoba government have in contemplation the erection of another wing to the legislative building, for the purposes of the library. The present quarters of the library are much cramped, and the protection against fire is not so great as desired. The proposed wing will be fire proof and properly appointed for a library. At the same time the legislative chamber may undergo some alterations that will increase the conveniences, both for members and the public.

A few nights ago fire broke out in the Pullman hotel, Canmore, Alta. The Pullman hotel, Holmes and Carter's stores, the Waverly hotel and Mr. Alean's dwelling house and jewelry store were burned to the ground, nothing whatever was saved from the Pullman. Forty inmates lost their personal effects and barely escaped in their night clothing. Clara Christenson, aged ten, daughter of the proprietor of the Pullman hotel, was burned to death. The origin of the fire is unknown. The estimated loss is placed at \$15,000, with very little insurance.

Calls to be Abolished.

At the Toronto presbytery the question of changing the present system of "calling" ministers by congregations now in vogue, came up, and a suggestion was made as to whether it will not be more advisable to adopt a sort of itinerant system, involving a stationing committee, to which all ministers desirous of a change, and all congregations wanting a new pastor must apply. A committee has been appointed to draft a scheme to present before the presbytery.

The plan suggests that all calls and applications be referred to a committee

composed of the moderator of the presbytery and three conferees, who will pass favorably or adversely upon the cases before them. This, with the question of determining the length of pastors' terms, say five years, will be laid before the presbytery. Should this pass the Toronto presbytery it will have to go before the General Assembly. Its adoption by that body will not take place without much discussion. It means really that the Presbyterian church would be following the lines laid down by the Methodist church. It means that the ministers may no longer look upon the congregation as theirs for life.

GIRL CRUCIFIED.

Nailed to a Cross in a Chicago Museum—Felt no Pain.

Mrs. Evatina Tardo, the young West Indian in a Chicago museum, who allows rattle-snakes to bite her as a matter of revenue, was crucified the other night for the benefit of people who paid 10 cents a head. She seemed to suffer no inconvenience.

A large cross was erected on the first floor of the museum. At its base was a pedestal of wood on which Mrs. Tardo stood. Dr. George A. Bangs took a hammer and two nails of the "tenpenny" kind. He fastened her right hand to the cross by driving a nail through the flesh a half an inch from the juncture of the middle and third fingers. He fastened her right foot to the pedestal by driving a nail through its flesh a half an inch from the juncture of the large and second toes. The nails were driven so hard that the wood quivered under the blows of the hammer. The woman did not wince.

She stood for two hours, while a curious crowd surged below her. Every now and then men mounted to her platform and satisfied themselves that the nails really pierced the flesh. She chatted and laughed with all who spoke to her, and seemed on the whole to enjoy the experience.

One of the strangest things about this strange woman is that she has absolute control of her circulation, when she wills it no blood flows from any wound upon her person. On the contrary she can send it spurting in streams. She told a reporter that to demonstrate her power, she would cause the blood to flow from her foot, and not any from her hand when the nails were withdrawn. This she did, and red liquor coming generously from the punctured foot, while the orifice in the hand remained dark and dry.

Evantina is rather a pretty woman, not more than 30 years old. She declares that she was bitten by a snake when 15 years old, and has been immune to virus and insensible to pain ever since. She has not the sensation of touch and cannot pick up an article unless her eye directs her hand. Also she has no natural desires of any kind she asserts and was never hungry or thirsty. The holes in her hand and foot closed up very quickly.

PROSPECTS ARE BRIGHT.

Many Emigrants From Great Britain Expected this Year.

The question of emigration from Great Britain of the best class of agriculturists, is occupying the attention of the government and the Canadian Pacific railway company to even a greater extent this year than formerly, and it is gratifying to learn that the prospects this season are beyond doubt more favorable than for several years past. The agents in their reports to the officials in the city state that the interest now being evinced towards the Canadian west is of an earnest nature. The feeling is that the inducements held out by the agents are now genuine, and that if a farmer wishes to better his condition there is no better field than the Canadian Dominion. On the west bound express the other evening was Mr. T. G. Pearce, a resident of Edmonton, who has been spending the winter in England working up a strong sentiment in favor of the Northwest. He lectured at many points and succeeded in arranging for a delegation of farmers to come back with him and inspect the Alberta district. They occupied a section of a tourist car, and appeared to be experienced and intelligent. Mr. Pearce is the gentleman who started the Parry Sound colony near Edmonton a few years ago, which has made wonderful strides in its development. He is therefore one who thoroughly understands the work and can be relied upon to attain success in his present mission.

To Raise the Maine.

The Merritt and Chapman Derrick and Wrecking company of New York have signed contracts with the U.S. government to raise the battleship Maine. Their powerful tug Monarch will proceed at once to Havana. Other tugs will follow, and work will be begun as soon as possible.

The terms of the contract provide for the payment to the wrecking company of the sum of \$871 per day for their regular plant and an additional payment of \$500 per day for the use of the Monarch while the latter is actually employed. An express provision is made that the government may terminate the contract at any moment. It is also provided that the compensation shall not exceed the \$200,000 appropriation by congress for this purpose. Finally it is provided that if the company succeed in raising the Maine and towing her to New York, they shall receive a bonus of \$100,000.

A Klondike Swindle.

Prosecuting Attorney McElroy, of Seattle, Wash., has made application for the extradition of E. Rosenfeld, vice-president and general manager of the Snow and Ice Transportation company of Chicago, who was arrested in Portland, Ore., on telephonic warrants from Seattle on a charge of obtaining money under false pretences. It is stated by Chief of Police Reed that between \$30,000 and \$40,000 worth of tickets to Dawson have been sold by the Snow and Ice Transportation Co. throughout the eastern states.

UNCLE SAM'S DOMAIN.

Peculiar Incidents Respecting Our Neighbors Across the Border.

According to a diagnosis made by a reputable physician of Louisville, Ky., Mrs. N. Reinhart, of that city, who has been suffering for months with supposed stomach trouble, has a full-grown bull-frog in her stomach. The animal can be heard croaking. Mrs. Reinhart says that when it gets hungry it scratches her so that she must eat. She is in very poor health as the result. She is supposed to have swallowed a tadpole while drinking spring water in the country.

A most remarkable marriage, or rather a ceremony performed under remarkable circumstances, occurred at Henderson, Ky., recently. The parties were Henry Bailey and Miss Minnie Kohl, and they wished the ceremony to remain a secret, fearing paternal wrath, so, to insure against any eavesdroppers getting in their work, they had themselves, the magistrate who performed the ceremony and the witnesses locked in the big vault in the office of the circuit clerk, where the marriage occurred. Detection or interference being thus made impossible, the rites were completed and the party returned to the open air.

A remarkable counter claim is made by Miss Annie Mulhearn, of Kingston, N. Y., to an action against her by Dr. Edward J. Gallagher, to collect a bill of \$83 for professional services. Dr. Gallagher is young, unmarried, and extremely popular with both sexes. Dr. Gallagher's attorney submitted to Judge Stephen his client's complaint, and demanded \$83 for medical services. Miss Mulhearn's attorney made a general denial of the charge and says many alleged professional calls were of a social nature. He would call at times when he wasn't expected and keep her and her sister from their household duties. In view of the annoyance and loss of time she suffered from these visits, she puts in a counter claim of \$100.

Alonso Bradford, of Hayward, Cal., is an old soldier and is not at all backward in asking for what he wants. A letter has been received at the post office department in Washington, in which he asks for the appointment of postmaster at Hayward, and accompanying the letter is an X-ray photograph of his left knee. The photograph shows that a bullet entered his knee at the joint, pushed up the knee cap and lodged between the bones. The bullet is still there, and the only way in which it can be removed is by amputation of the leg. Mr. Bradford said that the bullet was received at the battle of Fort Donelson, and that he had carried it ever since. He called especial attention to the fact that the bullet entered from the front. Bradford was postmaster under the Harrison administration. The photograph was filed with his papers.

MILLIONS INVOLVED.

Yukon Hydraulic Mining on a Large Scale to be Started.

A dispatch from Vancouver city appears in the San Francisco Chronicle to the effect that a large mining deal has been made in the Yukon district involving millions of dollars, in which parties in Vancouver are reported to be interested as original owners of the claims, or territory embraced in the deal, while the Rothschilds, of London, are the buyers. Since the publication of the report some pains have been taken to ascertain its authenticity and are now in a position to state that there is every reason for believing that the heaviest mining deal yet consummated in mining property on the Klondike section of the Yukon is a reality. The Dominion government has leased for a term of 25 years, with the option of renewing the lease for a further period of 25 years, for hydraulic mining purposes, a considerable area on Hunker creek at its junction with the Klondike. This area had been passed over until a representative miner, of great experience made an inspection last summer as to the possibility of being able to procure water for hydraulic purposes. He was a surveyor, spent several weeks in examining the ground and the country adjacent thereto, and having satisfied himself as to the feasibility of procuring an abundance of water for washing the gravel in the flats on either side of Hunker creek applied for permission to stake out an area for the purpose. Gold Commissioner Fawcett on behalf of the government, accepted the application made by the party who staked out the limits, and had a reserve placed thereon at once. Subsequently the government, upon stipulated conditions as to a yearly rental to be paid, as well as a royalty from the product of the mines, and the beginning of the work thereupon at the earliest possible date, granted a lease as already stated. Several hundreds of thousands of dollars are to be expended this year upon the property preparatory to beginning active operations in working the gravel beds which are of great depth and exceeding richness in gold bearing deposits. The tests made indicate that with fair luck their will be an immense yield in the course of a few years from the workings in this territory. The deal is understood was conducted by special agents of the Rothschilds, in New York, Mr. Bretzner, who took particular pains to ascertain the extent and value of the property as well as the feasibility of operating it. The original locator, Robert Anderson, is by birth a Swede, but has travelled all over the world. He and a few in Vancouver will retain a certain interest in the property. Should this hydraulic scheme prove to be a success, as it is confidently predicted that it will, there will be many others started in the far north and that branch of mining, as well as placer diggings and quartz mining will become very important sources of revenue to the Dominion of Canada.

Drying Damp Wheat.

A new process for artificially extracting moisture from wheat was put to a careful test in Berlin, Germany, recently. The trial was carried out at the instance of Mr. Yerburgh, M. P., who sent over fifty quarters of English wheat to be submitted to the process. The result was entirely satisfactory, over 5 per cent. of

Coughs

that kill are not distinguished by any mark or sign from coughs that fail to be fatal. Any cough neglected, may sap the strength and undermine the health until recovery is impossible. All coughs lead to lung trouble, if not stopped. Dr. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Cures Coughs.

"My little daughter was taken with a distressing cough, which for three years defied all the remedies I tried. At length on the urgent recommendation of a friend, I began to give her Dr. Ayer's CHERRY PECTORAL. After using one bottle I found to my great surprise that she was improved. Three bottles completely cured her."—J. A. GRAY, Trav. Salesman Wrought Iron Range Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral Cures all Coughs and Colds.

For free medical advice, write to our Doctor, care J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

moisture being taken from the wheat—which was a very dry sample, in excellent condition—while the heat to which it was subjected could not possibly affect it injuriously. The principle of the process, viz., that of drying under a vacuum—has been applied to many articles of commerce, and the result of the trial is to show that it is equally well adapted to wheat. It is hardly necessary to point out that the subject is one of great interest to British farmers, who would be greatly benefited by the provision of facilities for getting their wheat into condition particularly in a wet season.

WOMEN AND WEAK NERVES.

Lives of Misery and Affliction.

Marvellous Case in Manitoba.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND PROVES A WONDEROUS BLESSING.

Miss Parr Says:

"After the First Dose I Felt New Hope and New Life Coming."

Nervous Prostration, Mental Depression, and Excruciating Sufferings are Banished.

Paine's Celery Compound the Great Life Builder and Vitalizer.

WELLS & RICHARDSON CO.

DEAR SIR:—For several years I have had weak nerves, and was gradually running down, and last March I was prostrated with nervous debility. My sufferings were excruciating in the extreme; I really thought there never was another who suffered quite as much with mental depression and weak nerves. This lasted about three months, and I was taking doctor's medicine continually, but was getting worse instead of better.

One day, while feeling quite discouraged and wondering if I was ever to get out of my dreadful state, a dear friend said to me, "I wish you would try Paine's Celery Compound." As I had intended to try it I acted upon her advice and started using it the very same day, and from the first dose I felt new hope and new life coming. I continued using it, and am still taking it once in a while, always asking God's blessing on each bottle. I am very much improved, and cannot say too much in favor of the medicine, and would recommend it to all suffering from nervous prostration and mental depression.

Yours faithfully,
L. E. PARR, Crystal City, Man.

The Lake Manitoba Railway & Canal Co.

Going North Read down		Going South Read up	
2nd Class	1st Class	2nd Class	1st Class
No. 1 Mon Fri	No. 2 Tues. Sat	No. 3 Tues. Sat	No. 4 Tues. Sat
STATIONS.			
7:50		Winnipeg	
d11:00		Portage la Prairie	d12:00
11:30		Maid Maid	1:25
11:50		Waboune	1:00
12:20		Wood Lake	1:35
12:50		Gaibone	1:40
12:30		Gladstone Jc	17:30
14:50		Agville	17:00
14:20		Plumas	16:3
15:00		Glens la	15:47
15:40		Glensair	15:20
16:10		Glensair	14:40
16:40		Laurier	14:06
17:10		Makinak	13:40
17:40		Ochre River	13:15
d18:30		Dauphin	d12:30
d19:30		Valley River	d18:55
20:00		Sifton	10:25
20:20		Fork River	10:00
20:50		Fork River	9:25
21:35		Winnipeg	8:4



Qu'Appelle: Progress

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY
At the Printing Office, Qu'Appelle Station,
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Business cards as per arrangement ac-
cording to space.

Transient Ads, such as Legal Notices,
By-Laws, Tenders, Notice of Meetings, etc.,
10 cents per line first insertion, and 5 cents
each subsequent insertion, solid nonpareil
measure.

Reading notices in local columns 10 cents
per line each insertion.

Advertisements of Wants, To Let, Found,
Lost, etc., 50c for first insertion, 25c for
each subsequent insertion. This class of
ads. must be accompanied by cash to insure
publication.

Church Notices and Society Entertain-
ments from which a revenue is to be derived
will be charged for at the rate of 10 cents
per line.

Rates for Commercial, Contract and Per-
manent advertisements will be furnished on
application.

A liberal commission allowed to parties
willing to act as agents for us. Write for
terms.
S. T. SCOTT,
Editor and Publisher.

THURSDAY, MARCH 3, 1898.

The C. P. R. Loyal to Canadian Interests.

(From the Montreal Witness, Feb. 5.)

The people of British Columbia are not easy to satisfy in the matter of the efforts which government, railways, press and people of Canada generally should make in order to secure to the British Columbia ports the Yukon business, but the Canadian Pacific Railway's course seems to be highly approved at least by the Victoria (B.C.) Times. It says: "The Canadian Pacific Railway Company has shown wonderful, yet characteristic, energy in dealing with the Klondike question; they have fairly flooded the United Kingdom with literature in the highest degree beneficial to the interest of Canada, yet indulging in no abuse or misrepresentation of the Americans. The case for Canada has been put in such a manner that thousands who would have gone to Seattle, Tacoma, Portland and other American points will come to Victoria, Vancouver and other British Columbia cities. The C.P.R. can take passengers to Seattle quite as cheaply as they can land them in Victoria or Vancouver, but it is to the Company's credit that all their efforts have been to divert the travel to Canada. We don't expect railway companies to be influ-

THE DEAF HEAR.

DR. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE

Working Wonders in Toronto.

Gave MRS. BINDON her hearing when Specialists failed.

About 3 years ago, Mrs. Bindon, of 11 Matland St., Toronto, was attacked with Grippe, which affected her hearing to such an extent that she was completely deaf. It was a serious affliction and she tried many remedies and consulted a prominent specialist on ear diseases, but derived no benefit. By a happy circumstance she was led to use Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure, and before she had completed 3 boxes her hearing had partially returned.

She persisted in the application of the remedy, so confident was she of ultimate cure, and by the time 12 boxes had been used her hearing was completely restored. For 3 months now she has been free from deafness, and is no enfeebled sufferer as ever more afflicted than Mrs. Bindon. On Monday she goes to church and enjoys the service, a thing she was unable to do before Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure gave her back her hearing.

PRICE 25 CENTS A BOX.

Sold by all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto, Ont.

enced entirely by patriotism, but the C.P.R. have certainly in this matter done all within their power to give Canada the benefit of their influence without going out of the way to hurt rival lines by false statements. The Alaska Commercial Company, with all their experience in the Yukon and thorough knowledge of the rules and regulations governing the import of goods to Klondike, purchasing their stores in Victoria is significant testimony to the fact that the Canadian campaign has been conducted on the proper lines and that it will be completely successful.

BABY ECZEMA AND SCALD HEAD

Infants and young children are peculiarly subject to this terrible disorder, and if not arrested will eventually become chronic. Dr. Chase made a special study of eczema and diseases of the skin, and we can confidently recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment to all forms of eczema. The first application soothes the irritation and gives the little sufferer rest.

Our attention has been drawn to the fact that the "green goods" man is still in existence, and is endeavoring to push his business into the Northwest. He professes to manufacture counterfeit money so that the U. S. authorities are unable to detect it. He also professes to be an honest, square dealing man, and to make sure his customer is the same he desires to meet him face to face. This is an old game, and the sucker who bites will surely be fleeced. Those desirous of being skinned are requested to telegraph (don't write) to Chas. F. Palmer, 486 Front street, Sanford, Maine. "A word to the wise," etc.

CARE OF THE COMPLEXION

It is a well known fact that a torpid liver produces a sallow line and a dull yellow complexion. You need not expect a clear, beautiful complexion if the blood is rendered impure by the sluggish action of the liver, which cannot properly perform its functions of purifying and filtering all impurities from the blood. Ladies, Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills is invaluable remedy, for by their action on the liver and blood they promote true beauty by rendering the blood pure. This is the secret.

There are no trusts in England such as we have in this country. Combinations of capital over there are conducted in a way that is not oppressive to the consumers. There are no periodical meetings of directors for the purpose of restricting output and raising prices. There is no hypocritical cant about "supply and demand"—after the supply has been restricted. In the nature of things, and out side the English law, there could not be. How could one of our trusts exist under such circumstances?

Preachers and People of one Mind.

A Host of Witnesses Tell of the Wonderful Cures Effected by Dr. Agnew's Catarrh Powder.

Right Rev. Bishop Sweetman, D. D.; Rev. W. H. Withrow, D. D., and other sound its praises. It cures young and old. Mrs. Geo. Graves, Ingersoll, writes: "My little daughter, aged thirteen years, suffered from catarrh of the worst kind. No physician or remedy cured, until we used Dr. Agnew's Catarrh Powder, and after using two bottles my child was completely cured." It is a pleasant, safe and speedy remedy for Catarrh, Hay Fever, Colds, Sore Throat, Tonsillitis and Deafness.

Sold by Henderson & Parker.

Monday's special for Vancouver had on board a number of young lads bound for the Mann, McKenzie railroad. Some of them looked anything but fit for railroad work, and will no doubt soon quit the shovel and the pick.

—The Department of Agriculture has issued a pamphlet on the possibilities of agriculture in the Yukon district, together with Experimental farm notes.

Chickney.

Mr. F. W. Newberry has returned from Denver, Colorado, where he has been since last November. He says there is no place like Chickney.

Mr. E. Whyte, who has been working for Mr. Peeve for the last year, has left this district to work for Mr. C. Bonstedt, at Kendis. Our baseball team has lost its chief pitcher.

Mr. John Teere will deliver a lecture in the school-house next

Dragged From a Condition of Physical Misery and Suffering

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND WAS THE DELIVERER.

Mr. Barrand says:
"Surely the Medicine Which has Done so Much for me Will Prove a Blessing to Others."

Most Desperate Cases of Rheumatism are Overcome by Nature's Cure, Paine's Celery Compound.

The Only Remedy for Pain-racked and Stiffened Limbs.

Wells & Richardson Co.

Dear Sirs:—Just a year ago I was attacked with inflammatory rheumatism in its most acute form, which completely incapacitated me from pursuing my trade—that of a tailor—or in fact from doing work even of the lightest kind, as every nerve in my body was affected. I was in this distressing condition for more than seven months, when I commenced to use Paine's Celery Compound. I soon began to realize the beneficial effects of the medicine, but my case was an obstinate one, and required the persistent use of the Compound for some months before I could move about. I am thankful to say I am so far recovered that I have commenced work again; and I am very hopeful that by continuing the use of the Compound a little longer I shall, please God, be restored to my wonted health and strength again. Surely the medicine that has done so much for me will prove an equal blessing to others similarly afflicted; and to such I say, "Give Paine's Celery Compound a trial." For what your medicine has done for me you have my most grateful thanks.

Yours truly,

John Barrand, Barrie, Ont.

Thursday afternoon on "Samson and His Sweetheart," or "Is Marriage a Failure?" The lecture will commence at 2 o'clock. Everyone invited.

An exciting taffy-pull took place at Mr. Robins last Tuesday evening; the taffy was good and enjoyed by all.

Mr. W. M. Tate has returned from Qu'Appelle Station.

Spencerville Splashes.

(From our own correspondent.)

Messrs Wm. Hardy and Walter McMichael are getting very anxious for spring as their top buggies are ready for use.

A number of our western bachelors hope there will be another dance soon; they don't mind ladies being scarce if the pies are plentiful. They want to load up for spring work. We would suggest they had better speak to the doctor as the

next baking may not digest as easily as the last.

The Spencerville liar resigned his position after reading last week's Splashes.

The farmer's overalls are worn. His back with toil is bent; His hand is old and torn. He can't lay up a cent. He makes half a load of grain. He and his family starve. And so the extra tax is paid. The farmer's overalls.

Have you tried



Smoking Tobacco?

LEGAL.

A. D. DICKSON, Barrister, Advocate, Solicitor, etc.
Office, first door south of the Queen's Hotel, Qu'Appelle St.

MEDICAL.

D. R. C. E. CARTHEW, Qu'Appelle, Physician, Surgeon, Coroner Etc. Graduate Toronto University and Licentiate College Physicians and Surgeons, Ont.

W. HENDERSON, M.D.C.M., Graduate of McGill University, Licentiate of College of Physicians and Surgeons, N.W.T. Office at home.

NOTICE

ANY person taking wood of any description off the lands belonging to the Edgeley estate will be prosecuted. By order, W. C. CAMERON.

Edgeley, Nov. 20, 1897.

Qu'Appelle Lodge, A. F. & A. M., G. R. M., meets in the Masonic Hall, Qu'Appelle St., on Tuesday's, on or before full moon. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
J. P. JONES, W.M.

J. B. ROBINSON, Contractor & Builder

Estimates given and all work promptly attended to.

A. HOLLINGSHEAD, House, Sign and Carriage Painter.

Graining, Gilding, Paper Hanging and Kalsomining.
ALL WORK PROMPTLY EXECUTED.
QU'APPELLE STATION and INDIAN HEAD.

The Leland Hotel, QU'APPELLE STATION, ASSA.

The most popular house in the west. Modern conveniences. Home comforts. First-class cuisine. Choice liquors and cigars. Good sample rooms for commercial travellers. Convenient to railway. Headquarters for stage to Fort Qu'Appelle.

THOS. BLACKWELL, Prop.

The Queen's Hotel.

Thos. Hilliard, Prop.
FIRST-CLASS accommodation for guests. Table supplied with the best in the market. Fine sample rooms for commercial travellers. Choice brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Porter meets all trains. Rates \$1 per day.

Merchant Tailors

IF YOU WANT A GOOD FITTING SUIT OF CLOTHES, CALL ON...

J. H. Brethauer & Co.

Who have got THE BEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE Samples on the market.

Prices Right. Give Us a Call.

NEW Feed, Sale & Exchange STABLES

Cor. Pacific avenue and Walsh street.

First-class accommodation and obliging attendants. Charges moderate.

S. T. GIBSON, - - Proprietor.



KLONDYKE

Write for pamphlet descriptive of the routes to the Yukon country, and sailing dates, rates, etc.

Sailings for

MARCH:

Danube	March 8
Victorian	" 9
Ning Chow	" 10
Cottage City	" 11
Queen	" 12
Islander	" 15
Thistle	" 17
Victorian	" 19
Danube	" 22
Queen	" 24

Cottage City sails for Wrangle, Juceau and Sitka only.

All agents can ticket through, which will include meals and berths.

Apply to nearest C.P.R. agent, or to

ROBERT KERR, Traffic Manager, Winnipeg

Ocean Steamships.

ROYAL MAIL LINES.

Swiftest and quickest route to the Old Country.

	From St. John
Lake Huron	Beaver Line, March 9
Lake Superior	Beaver Line, " 15
Oxley	Beaver Line, " 24
	From New York
Germania	White Star Line, March 2
Toronic	White Star Line, " 9
Britannia	White Star Line, " 16
Majestic	White Star Line, " 23
Ethiopia	Anchor Line, " 12
Umbria	Anchor Line, " 5
Islandia	Anchor Line, " 11
Britannia	Anchor Line, " 19
	From Portland
Labrador	Dominion Line, March 12
Vancouver	Dominion Line, " 19
Saskatoon	Dominion Line, April 1
Nanaimo	Allan Line, March 2
Carthagenian	Allan Line, " 5
Mongolian	Allan Line, " 15
Parisian	Allan Line, " 26

Cabin \$10, \$15, \$20, \$30, \$40, \$50, \$60, \$70, \$80, upwards. Intermediate \$30 to \$35. Steerage \$21.50 and upwards.

Passengers ticketed through to all ports in Great Britain and Ireland and special low rates to all parts of the European Continent. Prepaid passages arranged from all points. Apply to the Station Agent, Qu'Appelle.

Or to WILLIAM SMITH, General Agent, Qu'Appelle.

PATENTS PROMPTLY SECURED

LETTER QUICKLY. We have the best and full illustrated book of patents and the fascinating story of a poor fellow who made \$25,000.00. Send us your sketch or model of your invention and we will promptly tell you what it is worth and how to protect it.

Not a humbug, but most Service. Special. Tough cases rejected in other hands and foreign applications. References: Honorable T. B. Robinson, Prop. of St. John's, N.B. Honorable D. A. Ross, the leading pulp, paper, Banks, Express Companies & others in any locality. All patents secured through our agency are brought before the public by a special notice in over 30 newspapers.

MARION & MARION, Patent Experts, Temple Building, 1200, Avenue St. Montreal. The only firm of Graduate Engineers in the Dominion transacting patent business exclusively. Mention this paper.

T. COWAN.

Blacksmith and Carriage Maker

Horse shoeing and all repairing done on shortest notice. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

QU'APPELLE STATION, ASSA.

OU'APPELLE PROGRESS.

Thursday, March 3, 1893.

A REIGN OF TERROR.

Skaguay and Dyea in Possession of a Lawless Mob.

Secretary Bliss, of Washington, is in receipt of a letter from Governor Brady, of Alaska, descriptive of the lawless condition of affairs at Skaguay and Dyea. It was referred to at the cabinet meeting, when Alaskan affairs were under discussion, and was considered sufficient justification by the members for the dispatch of the additional military force already authorized to be sent to Alaskan territory. The following is a copy of the letter: "News from Skaguay by the steamer now in port is serious. The United States deputy marshal has been shot dead in the discharge of his duty. Another man was killed at the same time, and at the same place. Recently the steamers have been carrying great lists of passengers. Many of these are gamblers, thugs and low women from the worst centres of the cities of the coast. They have taken in the situation at Skaguay and Dyea, and appear to have combined to carry things with a high hand. The best people at these places are powerless, because they have no municipal form of government. The United States marshal is powerless, because he can appoint only a few deputies, and when he undertakes an act they are singled out as targets by this rough element."

FALSE REPRESENTATIONS.

An Ontario Lady Compels a Merchant to Pay for Damages.

A lady writing from an Ontario town, says: "A month ago I visited one of our town stores and asked for three packages of Diamond Dye Navy Blue for dyeing all wool goods. The merchant informed me that he was out of Navy Blue in the Diamond Dyes, and talked me into buying a dye of another make, at the same time guaranteeing them to do as good work as I could get from the Diamond. A lady friend was with me at the time and heard the whole conversation. I took the strange dye home, used them according to directions, and was sadly disappointed with the results. The color was anything but a Navy; in truth, my materials were spoiled. I at once took the goods to the merchant and told him his dyes were frauds. He offered to give me more of the same dye or my money back. I refused both offers, and after I had threatened law proceedings, he thought it best to pay for the materials spoiled. This merchant will never again have the chance to sell me any more dyes. I shall go where I can get the Diamond Dyes at any time they are wanted. I have had my last lesson with poor dyes."

A RATE WAR.

The C. P. R. Reduces Passenger Rates One Half.

The rate dispute between trans-continental railway lines has resulted in an open declaration of war on the part of the C. P. R. It has been announced from the head offices that rates from points east to the coast have been cut in two for second-class tickets. Second-class rate was \$9 and the cut rate which will apply in the future is \$4.50. First-class tickets which sell for \$7.50, will in future sell for \$3.75, a reduction of almost 50 per cent. The C. P. R. is confident that on these figures the line will get the best of the fight.

The St. Paul Dispatch says in addition to the cut rates that became effective a short time ago, the Soo-Pacific has given notice that it will again enforce a cut that will make the rates but a shade higher than one-half cent per mile for a second-class ticket. This scale of prices will apply over the Soo-Pacific from Buffalo, N. Y., and even east of there to Puget Sound. The first-class rate is now \$14 and second-class \$7 from Buffalo to Vancouver by the Soo-Pacific. From St. Paul to Vancouver the rates will be \$15 and \$7.50, with a corresponding cut from the eastern terminals to the Soo.

Avalanche at Quebec.

Four lives were lost by an avalanche at South Quebec the other night. Two houses were destroyed, built directly under the cliff, opposite, and a little west of the Victoria hotel. The disaster occurred suddenly and without a moment's warning. One house was crushed down by the weight of the snow from above, while the upper stories of the other were cut clean off from the first story and overturned in front of it upon the street. A whole family named Labrecque were in the upper part of the house during its somersault, and escaped practically unhurt. In the lower flat resided one Angers, his wife and six children. The father and two children, aged 2 and 5 respectively, were taken out dead. Mrs. Angers is in a very critical condition. Four children escaped. In the other house James King, head carter for the Grand Trunk, resided with his wife, son and daughter. Mr. King, son and daughter escaped serious injury.

A man never realizes how little he knows until a child begins to question him.

Cure For Drunkenness.

The Dyke Cure removes all craving for alcoholic stimulants in a few days. In four weeks complete physical cure. A simple vegetable tonic, can be taken as a home treatment. No bad effects, and a loss of time from business.

Dr. a CAGAN, 41 Bay Street, Toronto.
References as to Dr. McTaggart's professional standing and personal integrity permitted by Sir W. R. Meredith, Chief Justice of Ontario, Toronto.
Hon. G. W. Ross, Minister of Education, Toronto, Ont.
G. W. Yarker, Banker, Toronto.
R. J. Fleming, ex-mayor of Toronto.
H. S. Strath, Manager of Bank, Toronto.
S. Nordheimer, German Consul, Toronto.

PORT MULGRAVE, June 5, 1897.

C. C. RICHARDS & CO.,
DEAR SIRS.—MINARD'S LINIMENT,
is my remedy for colds, etc. It is the best liniment I have ever used.

MRS. JOSIAH HART.

HEALTH LOST AND FOUND.

THE STORY OF A YOUNG BOY'S TRIALS.

Was Growing Too Rapidly and His Health Gave Way—Several Months Doctoring Did Him No Good His Parents Almost Discouraged.

From the Napanee Beaver.

It is truly pitiable to see boys just beginning to realize the possibilities of life stricken down with disease, the escape from which is sometimes thought to be little short of a miracle. Hearing of such a case a reporter called on Mr. J. J. Smith, living near Frederiksborg Station, in Lennox Co., and interviewed him regarding the cure of his son who was in bad health and regained it by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Mr. Smith is one of the oldest residents in the locality, of direct U. E. Loyalist descent, and has resided all his life on the farm on which he lives. He is consequently well known throughout the district. In reply to the scribe's query he gave the details of the case. "My son, Stanley, was taken sick about the first of February, 1895. He became very weak and had a dull constant pain in his head. He grew very weak, such a condition being more properly described by the term 'general muscular weakness.' He was troubled with severe pain in the back and had no appetite, continuing to steadily grow weaker and finally lost all ambition. He had little more color in him than a bit of white paper. A physician was consulted on the first appearance of the trouble. He carefully examined the case, stating that the hearing was effected by catarrhal deafness, the pains in the back originating in muscular rheumatism and the constant tired feeling and general weakness was caused by over growth. These difficulties together with the after effects of la grippe left him a physical wreck. He had the benefit of careful medical attention for four months. The doctor had carefully treated him for the deafness and succeeded in restoring his hearing, but in other respects was no better. He ordered that he should be carefully nursed which was about all that could be done. To make things more clearly understood I might say that he was at this time twelve years of age, having grown very fast, was large enough for one six years his senior. The doctor said medicine could not benefit him and all that could be done must come by nursing. We naturally felt greatly discouraged at the prospect, not knowing what course to pursue in the future. At this juncture one of the druggists of Napanee who had previously compounded many prescriptions, recommended a trial of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. It was then the first of June when we purchased three boxes and commenced the treatment. When he had finished the second box his appetite, previously fickle and unsteady, had wonderfully improved. He continued taking the pills until seven boxes had been used. His strength returned with renewed vigor, and all signs of muscular rheumatism had vanished and he steadily regained a strong healthy color, and was able to do considerable light work in the harvest field such as riding the mower, reaper or horse rake. He has since attended school regularly, and though a year has elapsed he has had no symptoms." Mrs. Smith spoken to about the matter readily concurred in all that had been said relative to her son's case, and was very decided in her views regarding the health giving properties contained in Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are a blood builder and nerve restorer. They supply the blood with its life and health giving properties, thus driving disease from the system. There are numerous pink colored imitations, against which the public is warned. The genuine Pink Pill can be had only in boxes, the wrapper around which bears the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Refuse all others.

Happiness does not consist in having everything you want but in the ability to get more.

Might be Gratified.—He—What is he singing? She—Let me like a soldier fall. He—If I only had a gun!

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

Bill—I'm the greatest hand for dreaming fish stories. Jill—That's probably what makes you lie awake so much.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

"I was in an elevator once that fell fifteen stories to the basement." "Dear me; how did it feel?" "I was never so taken down in my life."

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

If pugilists had to do their talking over the long distance telephone they would fight rather than talk at the present rate of tolls.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

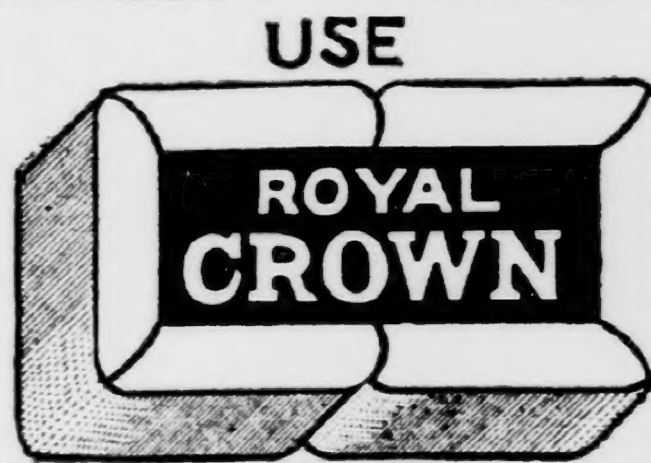
Ada—"Jack says he wouldn't marry the nicest girl living." Dolly—"Pshaw! As if I would have him."

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Makes the worth in Eddy's Matches—seeing our name on the box begets confidence. Lots of other makes where you get more wood for your money—many imitations too, put up "like Eddy's," but they are very different in use.

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CONDENSED FORM.

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Our No. 4 Collection contains 40 packets of Flower Seeds for 51¢.
Our No. 5 Collection contains 20 packets of Flower Seeds for 50¢.
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EXPENSES MODERATE.

GEO. J. MAULSON, - Local Manager.

A Few Choice Farms for Sale Cheap and Easy Terms of Payment.

The morning frost won't nip so hard
after a cup of Blue Ribbon Tea at breakfast.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

A FEW BRIEF PARAGRAPHS FOR BUSY PEOPLE.

The Flotsam and Jetsam of the World Around us Portrayed in Condensed Items, Which Treat of Men and Things in a General Way.

A mail-carrier was waylaid and robbed at Old Springs, Ont.

A mob of Parisian rioters attempted to burn M. Zola on adjournment of the court the other day.

Archbishop Cleary, of Kingston, Ont., is not expected to survive more than a few days. The papal benediction has been imparted.

M. Zola, of Paris, France, has been found guilty on all counts. He was sentenced to one year's imprisonment and fined 5,000 francs.

Rumian's and Butler's departmental store, at London, Ont., the largest in Western Ontario, has passed into the hands of a receiver.

The province of New Brunswick has floated a million dollar forty year bonds at 4 1/2 per cent. The British North American bank bought at 90.

The U. S. senate has adopted the House's joint resolution appropriating \$20,000 for raising the wreck of the Maine and it now goes to the president for approval.

The Dominion government has decided to impose a fee of \$10 to parties who desire to prospect for coal in Yukon. Parties who apply for an extension of permits will be charged a similar fee.

It is rumored that a large pulp mill will be established at Keewatin. The raw material is there in abundance, and most of the finest water powers on the continent also there so that the rumor is not at all an unlikely one.

Mrs. Francis Willard, president of the World's and National Women's Christian Temperance Union, who had been suffering from an attack of influenza with gastric complications, died recently at 44 West Empire, in New York city.

The court of inquiry at Havana in regard to the wrecked Maine, is conducting investigations secretly. Diver Martin recovered Capt. Sigbee that the forward magazine which was supposed to have exploded the destruction of the Maine.

A mammoth ball was in progress in the Plaza Theatre, Havana, a few days ago, a bomb exploded on the second floor, destroying the window blinds and shattering and wounding a lawyer and his sister, named Pon, and slightly injuring another person. The explosion caused great confusion and many masqueraders abandoned the theatre. The others, however, continued dancing.

Shogwen Gulch, Yukon, where a rich strike of gold is reported to have been found, a little creek alongside the El Dorado, emptying into the Bonanza. A third nugget is reported to have been found there, one of the largest yet discovered in the Yukon. Claim No. 4 on the Shogwen creek, turned out \$50,000 last year, and the gold is known to be particularly coarse in the grain.

THOUSANDS ARE STARVING.

Appalling Condition of Affairs at Santiago de Cuba.

While the United States cruiser Montezuma was at Matanzas, Cuba, recently a board of officers was appointed to enquire into the condition of the people of that province. Although the exact terms of the report is not known, it may be said in substance that it sets forth that there are 11,000 people absolutely without food and clothing within the city limits. About 3,000 of these live in small huts made of palm branches. These huts form three separate villages beyond the built up portion of the city. The other 11,000 unfortunates live in the streets of the city and are absolutely without homes or shelter.

These 11,000 are laboring people who have been driven into the cities from their country homes, which have been destroyed by the operations of war. Most of them are women and children, and are emaciated, sick and almost beyond relief unless they can have the benefit of hospital treatment in the hospitals. As they are dying in the streets for want of food. According to statistics gathered from the best official resources, the number of deaths in the province of Matanzas from starvation is estimated at 1,000, and the number of starving people at present time in the province is estimated at 25,000 out of a total population of 250,000 in December, 1897. The number of starving is rapidly increasing, and the city of Matanzas alone there have been about 11,000 deaths during the past year, and the number is increasing daily. The death rate at present averages forty-six per day as is shown by the reports from the cemetery. The increase of the death rate is due to the fact that distress is no longer confined to the laboring people, most of whom have already perished.

THE MAINE DISASTER.

Theories as to Cause of Wreck—False Reports Circulated.

The latest mail from Havana to Washington brings several private letters from naval officers lately attached to the Maine which have caused a wave of excitement all over the departments and the capital. There were all sorts of rumors as to the contents of these letters, very few of which rumors, in point of fact had any basis. The only feature, so far as could be discovered, of real importance, as to throwing any light on the cause of the disaster contained in the letters, was the statement that the two after boilers of the Maine that were under stress at the time of the explosion. This

fact had a negative value, for it disposed of the theory that an exploding boiler had caused the wreck. The experts all say that by no possibility could the after boilers' explosion have wrecked the fore-part of the Maine, and left the after part almost unharmed.

Much interest was shown in a dispatch received from Admiral Sicard, giving the recommendations of Captain Sampson, of the court of inquiry, as to the raising of the wreck. The view of the naval officers were that Captain Sampson and his assistants were giving this advice, not as a court martial, but as officers in a position to speak as to the best methods to be adopted for wrecking the Maine. Various interpretations were put on the expression, "forward half completely destroyed." This was regarded as a partial confirmation of the theory that the forward magazine had exploded, and that is one of the most important portions of the forward half of the ship, at the same time it was held by some naval authorities that the destruction of the forward half of the ship did not necessarily mean that the forward magazine had exploded, as it might still be intact, although a part of a general wreckage. In the absence of any explicit statement as to the forward magazine, there was a disposition not to accept implied statements as to its destruction.

PLIABLE MARBLE.

Interesting Experiments at McGill College—Discovery Valuable.

Geologists of the world will be profoundly interested in the discovery of Profs. Adams and Nicholson, of McGill college, Montreal. By recent experiments they have discovered a substance so hard and brittle that marble may, by its use under certain conditions, be moulded like clay. The experiment in brief, consisted in placing of miniature columns of pure Cararra marble or granite in sheets of iron and submitting them to graduated but long continued pressure, with the result that the marble shortened and thickened and bulged so as to swell the iron sheath. The iron then being cut away, the marble, no longer cylindrical, but greatly altered in shape, remained solid and brittle as before. No increase of temperature or other agency than the pressure was applied in producing the above change.

The experiments so far conducted have been highly successful, and it has been proved beyond the shadow of a doubt that marble by long continued pressure, may be greatly altered in size, shape and appearance, yet remain in as solid a condition as it was before the alteration took place.

These experiments, remarkable in themselves, have implications that make them of peculiar interest to geologists, mineralogists, and incidentally, to sculptors, builders, contractors, and the world in general. For the geologist the interest in the proof of the plasticity of marble rests on the light the experiments throw on certain obscure formations of the crust. They prove that under the conditions of pressure existing deep in the crust, stones may be molded into new shapes without being melted.

In point of fact the molded marble of these experiments when examined under the microscope, presents many striking resemblances to certain natural rocks whose peculiar cleavage has heretofore been difficult to explain. The recent discovery of McGill, however, shows that however brittle a rock may be it is in reality a plastic substance capable of flowing into new shapes as assuredly if not readily as putty or dough is molded.

In commencing these experiments three years ago, Profs. Adams and Nicholson took into consideration the three factors which combined to bring about the condition to which rocks are subjected in the deeper parts of the earth's crust: 1. Great pressure from every direction; 2. high temperatures; 3. the action of percolating water. In the several experiments which have taken place at McGill College the attempt has been made to reproduce only the first of these conditions. In subsequent experiments the endeavor will be made to reproduce all three of them, and the professors are sanguine of success. In one experiment conducted by Profs. Adams and Nicholson, the column of marble was reduced from 40 to 21 millimeters in height.

BEATEN TO DEATH.

Cowardly Murder of an Old Man in the Crow's Nest Pass.

Word has been received of a cowardly murder which took place a few days since in a so-called store (whiskey dive), three miles west of Ball Head, in the Crow's Nest Pass.

It seemed that two or three men were in this dive, which was being run by a man named Fred Carson, who was loafing around Fort McLeod this summer, and did not have a very enviable reputation there. The man had been drinking. Carson addressed himself to an elderly man who was there, and told him it was his turn to treat. The man treated and asked how much it was, taking his purse out of his pocket. When he discovered the charge he objected, and said he would not pay it. Carson then told him that he had better get out, and followed up this suggestion by hitting him on the head with a club. The man dropped and died four hours afterwards.

Carson then skipped, and went down to McGillivray's camp. When he arrived there he said that a bad accident had happened at Wellman's camp through a premature explosion of dynamite, and that several men had been killed, and a number injured. He said that he had been sent down to get a saddle horse to go for a doctor. He was given a saddle horse and started, and that is the last seen of him. Inspector Sanders started in pursuit, and traced him some distance, when he apparently doubled back, and all trace of him disappeared.

The narrow-minded man sometimes makes the broadest assertions.

More people die from head failure than from heart failure.

IT CREATES NO WEALTH.

Municipal Taxation and Prohibition in Connection with the Liquor Traffic.

The Dominion Alliance in one of their Campaign Leaflets says:

We hear frequently the assertion that if, by any means, prohibition should become the law of the Dominion of Canada, there would be serious difficulty experienced by municipal councils in meeting the deficit in their annual income that would be caused by the withdrawal of the present revenue from license fees. In order that the electors may fully understand this matter, there are here placed before them a few facts in relation to the present revenue and its probable diminution under prohibition.

The total amount received in license fees, etc., from the liquor traffic, by all the cities, towns, villages, townships, and other municipalities of the Dominion of Canada, for the year 1894-5, was estimated by the Royal Commission on the Liquor Traffic to be \$219,117. The number of licenses being 7,651. The data from which this estimate was made were somewhat defective, full returns not having been received from the province of British Columbia and Quebec. A safe estimate will be that 8,000 licenses are issued and that the revenue derived therefrom by the different municipalities is about \$500,000.

The same report estimates that the amount of money annually paid for liquor in Canada is \$39,879,851. Assuming that the licensed places are open for only 130 days in the year, this would amount to an average of a little over \$15 per day for each licensed place. In some places the business done is much larger than this, and in others probably less.

Out of this large sum of money received by the liquor sellers from the people of Canada, there was paid into the municipal treasuries only the comparatively small amount of \$500,000. So far as the municipal revenues are concerned, it is as if the municipal councils, representing the people of Canada, had employed the liquor sellers to procure for them the revenue of \$500,000, authorizing them to collect a much larger amount and retain the balance for their own benefit; so that the account stands as follows:

Amount collected by the liquor sellers, \$39,879,851; paid over to municipal treasuries, \$500,000; cost of collecting, \$39,379,851.

The folly of the policy of paying \$398 for the sake of securing a revenue of \$5 is too patent to need comment. Would not a people richer by \$39,379,851 be able to pay the extra \$500,000 and still be vastly better off?

It must be remembered that the liquor traffic pays none of the revenue out of its own resources. It creates no wealth. It simply takes the tax-payers' money and hands it over to the municipality, taking from the people, as has been shown, about eighty times as much as it turns over to the municipal treasury.

If the enormous amount of wealth thus absorbed by the liquor business remained in the hands of the taxpayers of the community, a great deal of it would, no doubt, be found in the shape of taxable property, and there would thus be speedily added to the aggregate assessment an amount that would furnish the whole revenue now derived from the liquor system, by a taxation rate less than the maximum authorized by law. This result it must be noticed, would be attained, even if there was no material progress in the community as the result of the more temperate and industrial habits that would inevitably follow the abolition of the drink system.

If we closed up all our liquor shops to-day we would have in one year a community so much richer, that taxation on the addition to our wealth would more than make up for the lost municipal revenue.

The choice between prohibition and license is, to the people of Canada, a choice between paying annually in hard cash over \$39,000,000 or only paying a moderate tax-rate upon property of that value, and keeping the property still in possession, earning probably four times the amount paid in taxes.

A careful examination has been made of the accounts of many municipalities, and almost invariably the following has been found to be the actual state of affairs: If the local pauper and police expenses be added to the municipality's proportion of county criminal and indigent expenses, the sum will be more than double the revenue received by the municipality from the liquor licenses issued. If it be assumed that only one-half of the criminal and poor expenses are fairly chargeable to the liquor traffic it will still be seen that the municipalities are sustaining from the very start, in the license system, a very heavy loss. They would be losing, even if the revenue received from licenses were clear gain. As it is, they are paying an enormous sum for questionable privilege of being sorely impoverished and heavily taxed.

It is sometimes argued that taking the licenses from hotel property would diminish the value of such property, that its assessment would be reduced, and other property would have to be taxed at a higher rate to level up. A careful examination of a number of assessment rolls and information given direct by a number of assessment commissioners and assessors, show that in no case is a license considered as enhancing the actual value of a piece of hotel property. Nor could it be fairly so considered. It is merely a temporary affair, must terminate in a few months, and consequently could have none of the qualifications of permanent worth entitling it to be treated as either having or impairing any assessable value.

Further examination shows that from hotels, on account of the comparatively small amount of personal property contained, are paid proportionally less taxes than are paid from any other equally valuable places of business. Still further, the contingency of a tavern or a saloon generally depreciates the market value of real estate, specially of such as may be used for private residences. No respectable person wants to live beside a bar-room. The real state of the case is that a license to sell liquor is an injury to all property in its neighborhood. Less taxes are paid in such cases, and values are impaired.

ST. PELAGIE PRISON.

Henri Rochefort Will Serve a Sentence of Five Days.

Two thousand persons assembled the other afternoon in front of St. Pelagie prison, Paris, France, the well known prison for offending journalists, to greet Henri Rochefort, the editor of L'Intransigeant, who was entering the same to serve a sentence of five days imprisonment for libelling Joseph Reinach, the Conservative Deputy of the district of Digne and editor of La Republique Francaise, by charging him with intending to prove the innocence of Captain Alfred Dreyfus by the use of forged documents.

At first there were no signs of force to preserve order, but as the crowd increased a company of Republican Guards headed by buglers and drummers, a detachment of police and two squadrons of cuirassiers were drawn up on each side of the square in front of the prison. The troops were received with cries of "Vive L'Armee." It was 1 o'clock before Rochefort arrived. The crowd flocked around the carriage shouting, "Vive Rochefort," and "Vive La Commune," the police being powerless to restrain them. Rochefort alighted waving his handkerchief, and was escorted by the crowd, with whom he walked to the prison gates. About fifty of his friends, including Ernest Roche, one of the Deputies for Paris, and editor of Le Jour and the assistant editors of L'Intransigeant, accompanied him inside the building amid continuous cheers from the populace. The Wardens with the governor of the prison at their side, were waiting, cap in hand, and respectfully received the prisoner. The crowd then dispersed, singing "Carmagnole" and shouting "Vive Rochefort," and "Vive La Commune," and completely blocking traffic in Rue Longue. So far, though there was much excitement, the crowd was good humored. Suddenly a new gathering headed by Millevoye, Thiebaut and Regis, marched toward the Pantheon yelling: "Down with Zola," and "Death to the Jews." The police formed across the road and stopped the progress of the demonstrators. Thiebaut and Millevoye began haranguing the crowd from some steps despite the efforts of the police to dislodge them. They advised the crowd to disperse in orderly fashion, but to keep on shouting cries and to reserve its strength for another occasion. Thiebaut praised M. Rochefort as the "man who will toll the knell of the Jews." Finally the mob dispersed, amid shouts, "Conspuez Zola" and similar cries. Millevoye and Thiebaut went to the police station to demand the liberation of a dozen persons, including the editor of Le Petit Parisien, who had been arrested during the course of the demonstration.

A HORRIBLE FATALITY.

Mother and Two Sons Burned to Death.

The dwelling of Jas. Arthurs, Rama township, twenty miles north of Orillia, was destroyed by fire the other night. Three members of the family, including Mrs. Arthurs, and two sons, James and Archie, aged sixteen and nine years respectively, were burned to death. Both Arthurs and his wife rushed out of the house on the first alarm of fire made by James, but immediately returned, making frantic but fruitless efforts to save their children. The mother was caught by the falling roof and perished. The father escaped badly burned. An 18-year-old daughter, Agnes, although terribly burned from head to foot, jumped through a window and ran in her bare feet through the blinding snow storm to a neighbor's house, her track in the snow being marked with blood. On her arriving there the flesh fell from her feet, exposing the bare bones. She is still living, but cannot recover. The fire originated from a stove in which the fire was left by the family on retiring, for a couple of members of the family who were out spending the evening.

Branding Seals by Electricity.

The electrical review publishes the first authentic account of branding fur seals with electricity to prevent the destruction of the female seals. The article is written by Elmer E. Farmer, of the Leland Stanford university, who accompanied the United States fur seal commission to the Pribiloff islands last August. The young female seals were marked by drawing the hot platinum cautery across the back, which resulted in destroying the fur and furbells so that even if the seal was afterwards killed the commercial value of the fur would be destroyed. Mr. David Starr Jordan, of Leland university was in charge of the experiment, and he states that the electrical method of branding is comparatively painless and even more effective than branding by means of hot irons.

Is Now in Dawson.

The department of the interior, Ottawa, has been advised from the Pacific coast that Major Walsh is by this time in Dawson City. Judge McGuire's party left Little Salmon river, proceeding on to Dawson on January 1st, all hands are reported well. What the administrative party lacked was dogs, and as something over one hundred of these have already been sent in there seems a probability that they will be able to get in without further delay. The computation of provisions which the government has sent in this winter shows that over seventy tons are already on their way to Dawson.

A Dastardly Outrage.

Postmaster Baker, of Lake City, S. C., colored, and his child, were shot to death a few days since and the bodies cremated. A mob numbering several hundred surrounded Baker's house, where the post-office was kept. They set fire to the building and opened fire with guns upon it. Baker was killed, his wife, two daughters and one son were seriously wounded. The woman had a baby in arms. She says that the ball that went through her, passed through the baby also, killing it. The bodies of Baker and the child were found in the ruins of the

building in the morning. All the members of the family are maimed for life. Two girls may lose their arms. All mail matter was totally destroyed. There is no clue as to the composition of the mob.

ONE HALF ARE FAILURES.

What the Dawson City Delegates Say of the Yukon.

The two delegates appointed at Dawson City in December to represent to the Dominion government the true condition of affairs in the Yukon, and press for a reform of the royalty law, mail service and other government regulations, are now in Ottawa interviewing the government. Edward J. Levernish, of San Francisco, and Dr. Willis, formerly of the Mounted Police are the two gentlemen in question. Levernish says there is no cause for alarm as to the food situation along the Yukon. The United States relief expedition was exceedingly ill advised, and not called for at all. At Andriofski, some 7,000 to 10,000 tons of food are stored; at Fort Hamlin 250 tons; and at Fort Yukon, 150 miles further up the Yukon, 500 tons are cached. When he left each of the trading companies had an emergency cache of staple foods including 90,000 pounds of fresh beef unsold, and nearly all caches were stocked, to do up to June. He believes that the suffering will be far less than in many of our large cities. The government is called upon to see that plenty of provisions are on hand for next winter, it is then that the pinch may come for an enormous population. He believes that if the simple truth were brought home to many a poor fellow now preparing for a trip to Yukon, much suffering would be spared. The truth is, that the output, and probable wealth of the Yukon is vastly exaggerated. It is safe to say that up to last summer the country had not yielded more than \$2,500,000. Last year's gold output is well within \$1,500,000. The winter work for the present winter will not bring more than \$4,000,000. The largest estimate offered by any responsible party is \$10,000,000 as follows: Bonanza Creek, \$1,000,000; Eldorado Creek, \$1,000,000; Hunker Creek, \$100,000; Bear, Dominion, Sulphur and other creeks, \$1,000,000; small creeks and side-hill claims another \$500,000. He reports that every dollar thus far extracted from the Klondike has cost one dollar. More than one-half of the men who went to Klondike last year must be written down as failures. They are poorer than when they went in.

A Strange Craft.

No more unique craft has ever visited Victoria in months, or even years, than the Peruvian bark Japan now tied up to the outer wharf of that city, discharging a cargo of 550 tons of salt, consigned to R. P. Ritchet & Co. Though only 5 years old, the vessel is so unshapely and old-fashioned that other lines present a curious contrast to other ships in port. Her bow is rounded off like the side of a wash-tub. Her rigging at present is badly needing repairs, for on the voyage from Colon, just completed, storms played havoc with it carrying away the main mast and several yards, not to speak of sails, ropes, etc. The vessel, despite her peculiar build, has only been under the Peruvian flag for five years and the honor of her curious design belongs to a Dundee ship builder. She is a wooden vessel of 398 tons, and in her crew of thirteen men are to be found Chilians, Peruvians, Brazilians and Paraguayans—a racial mixture that is as rare as the Japan is odd. Only one speaks English, and he happens to be the mate. The skipper, Capt. Gonzales, is a typical Peruvian, and knows not a word of English. All express themselves in Spanish, and although representing so many different countries, work together very harmoniously. They are a very dark, swarthy looking number of men and some resemble the Indian of this coast. The discipline line among them is quite up to the standard merchantman, and one of the things the mate stated, was not allowed aboard, was whiskey. The Japan is owned by a company of Peruvians in Callao, who do an expensive business with Japan, China and California. For a return cargo she will probably load a carload of lumber.

BRITAIN HAS IT

The Chinese Loan Is Arranged in all its Details.

Officers of the Hong Kong and Shanghai banks confirm the reports regarding the Chinese loan, which, it is said, has been arranged in all its details, but is not yet signed. It will be signed, however, in a day or two. It is at a low rate of interest, probably 3 1/2 per cent, and will be issued below par. The security is of two kinds, the revenues not already pledged and international security in the shape of new ports to be opened. The foreign office has issued the following statement: "Following the arrangements in the interest of British trade which have been agreed to by the Chinese government on the representations of Sir Claude Mac Donald, the British Minister at Peking, internal waterways in China are to be open to British and other steamers in the course of a few months. Thus, wherever the use of boats is now permitted by treaty, foreigners will be equally allowed to employ steamers, or steam launches, whether owned by them or by the Chinese."

"In view of the great importance attached by Great Britain by the retention of the Wang Tse region in Chinese possessions, the Chinese government has formerly intimated to the British government that there can be no question of the territory in the valley or in the region of Yang Tse being mortgaged, leased or ceded to any power."

"The posts of maritime customs collectors in the future, as in the past, shall be held by British subjects, so long as British trade at these ports in China continues to exceed that of any other power. A port will be opened in the province of Hunan within two years."

Some people who have more money than brains are not considered wealthy.



Gray's Syrup of Red Spruce Gum

For Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Sore throat, etc.

KERRY, WATSON & CO., PROPRIETORS, MONTREAL.

Qu'Appelle Observatory.

Reading of the thermometer for the week ending Tuesday, Feb. 22, 1898.

	Maximum.	Minimum.
Wednesday, Feb. 16	2	-10
Thursday, " 17	-6	-27
Friday, " 18	1	-24
Saturday, " 19	4	-10
Sunday, " 20	-3	-25
Monday, " 21	22	-12
Tuesday, " 22	20	

Local and General

—Mr. W. A. Henbach of Kutawa is in town today.

—Mr. J. Doolittle has been appointed assessor for the current year.

—Mr. J. A. McDonald, Fort Qu'Appelle, shipped a carload of horses to Edmonton on Monday.

—A freight engine broke down between this place and Indian Head this evening causing considerable delay to traffic.

—Staff Sergt. DesBarres returned from a two month's leave of absence in the east on Wednesday, and left for Estevan on the following day.—Leader.

—Work on the felt factory will be commenced as soon as the material arrives. It is the intention of the company to erect a new and substantial building.

—Mr. W. Johnston returned home from the east Tuesday morning, where he has been making arrangements for the manufacture on a large scale of his "Daisy" camp stove.

—Mr. Harry Christman, who has held a position in the store of J. P. Beauchamp, Qu'Appelle, for the past four or five months, arrived in Regina on this morning's train and will remain in town for a time.—Leader.

—Mr. W. J. Craig informs us that since taking the agency for the Terrill Perfect Washer, a few months ago, he has sold over 100 machines and that he has at present more orders than he can conveniently fill owing to the increasing demand and popularity of this machine.

—The sympathy of our people goes out to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Gray in the loss they have sustained in the death, from appendicitis, of their little daughter, Rene, the age of 4 years and 5 months. The deceased was only in about 36 hours.

—The Lake of the Woods Milling Co. purchased 500 bushels of grain on the local market yesterday. The price paid was ninety cents. Two thousand bushels of wheat were delivered in the city yesterday mostly from the Springfield district.—Free Press.

—The newspaper men at Saskatchewan are in trouble. On Friday last, E. Robinson, J. P. Robinson and the other Vice president of the Saskatchewan Press Association, were arrested by the Mounted Police, North-West Mounted Police, and the local police, on charges of libel and false statements of fact concerning the Bull was allowed.

—Mrs. H. W. McLean of Onawa, Ont., writes that her husband has been suffering from a severe attack of rheumatism, and that she has been unable to get him any relief. She writes that she has been using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and that she has been able to get him some relief. She writes that she has been using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, and that she has been able to get him some relief.

Douglas Jerrold, and a son of Thos. S. Jerrold of this place. Walter Jerrold has written several popular biographies, is a contributor to the Sunday Times and sub-editor of the Observer, a combination of duties which would have surprised Douglas Jerrold and the journalists of his time.

Itching, Burning Skin Diseases Cured For 35 Cents.

Dr. Agnew's Ointment cures in one day and cures (Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Eczema, Itch of the Head, Urticaria, Bores and eruptions of the skin. It is soothing and quelling and acts like magic in the cure of baby humors. 35c.

Solway Parker & Henderson.

Curling.

Curlers this week have seen some very interesting games. On Monday D. S. McCannell was defeated by C. E. Booth for last year's district medal, Booth winning easily. On Tuesday night Beauchamp defeated C. Bailey for the Klondike nuggets, and on Wednesday night C. Booth was defeated in the final game for the medal by J. McEwen. This was a hard game and was anyone's game up to the last shot when McEwen took out his opponent's shot scoring two and winning the game.

THE lieutenant-governorship of the Territories seems to have dropped out of sight these days of the Yukon fever. A correspondent of the Calgary Herald, however, still remembers the vacancy and strongly advocates the appointment of A. E. Forget, Indian commissioner, to fill the vacancy. Mr. Forget is an old resident of the Territories and would prove an acceptable governor.

A peculiar fatal epidemic has broken out among the horses on the Crow's Nest Pass construction. Apparently well animals fall over and die immediately. Porter Bros. are said to have lost nineteen head and other outfits in proportion. It is attributed to exposure and the bad condition of the roads.—Nelson Miner.

—The steamer Cottage City ran aground in Kichikish Narrows.

Canada's mineral products in 1897 were valued at \$28,000,000.

British Columbians are agitating for an all Canadian route via St. Lawrence river.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bismarck Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c.

"What a firm, manly tread that young Sweeney has."

"Yes, he's commenced using a higher gear."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

"You say you will bet that that boy's that ride a bicycle. What makes you think so?"

"It's a large vacancy in his pockets."—Cleveland Leader.

"That Mrs. Wood, the bicycle rider, is a thoroughbred, isn't she?"

"Yes, she says she used to walk a treadmill in the time of Sesostris."—Detroit Free Press.

"Yes, who don't the Phreable girls go out any more on their heels?"

"They were fat ladies from the circus out to advertise the show."—Tit-Bits.

"Have you lived next to the Snodden three years and don't know them?"

"Well, they have soaked very kindly several times when they borrowed my pump."—Answers.

"I intend to have Downey arrested for a few days."—Philadelphia.

"No, don't do it. Why have it, then?"

"Because he's got to buy a new coat."—Philadelphia North American.

"I think you are warranted that you are going to need a few repairs for three days."—Answers.

"I have had it in the shop a few times."—Answers.

"I have had it in the shop a few times."—Answers.

"I have had it in the shop a few times."—Answers.

FARM LANDS FOR SALE.

The North-West Lands of the Estate of the late W. R. THISTLE, comprising

4,000 ACRES Of Valuable Improved

FARM PROPERTY

ARE NOW OFFERED FOR SALE ON

Most Reasonable Terms.

For full particulars apply to

A. D. DICKSON, BARRISTER, QU'APPELLE

FOR : SALE

Canadian Pacific Railway Co.'s Lands,

Ontario and Qu'Appelle Co.'s Lands,

Canadian Mortgage Co.'s Lands,

Qu'Appelle Station Townsite Lands.

Also some bargains in

IMPROVED FARMS.

Call at once as these lands are being rapidly sold.

Waite & Doolittle, AGENTS.

WOLSELEY FLOUR

Boots and Shoes

At slight advance on cost

Unsold out

GEO. AMBLER.

I've Got them. What?

Lemons, Oranges, Apples, Bananas to arrive in a few days. My stock of Confections and Groceries is complete. Did you say you were out of Potatoes? I have a few to sell.

MRS. E. AMBLER, Qu'Appelle Sta.

FOR SALE.

For sale or exchange for stock, 2 second-hand seed-drills, complete and in good repair, will be sold cheap. Apply to W. C. CAMERON, Manager Edgeley Farm, Edgeley P.O.

20c

20c

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that on the 4th day of May, 1898, at the hour of ten o'clock a.m., at the Rosenberg Schoolhouse, there will be offered for sale by public auction, in accordance with the terms and provisions of the School Ordinance of the N.W.T., providing for the sale of lands for arrears of school taxes, certain lands situated in Rosenberg School District, No. 286, N.E. 1/4 Sec. 10, Tp. 19, Range 16, west of 2nd meridian.

WILLIAM BERT, Treas., Edenburg P.O.

16-18p

TEACHER WANTED.

A CATHOLIC TEACHER and secretary for Tache School District, No. 47, for six months; salary \$35 per month; duties to commence first of April. Apply to ANTON WEISKERBER, Qu'Appelle Station, N.W.T.

19p

Tenders for Corwood Wanted.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned on behalf of trustees of South Qu'Appelle Public School, up to 12 o'clock on Saturday, the 12th day of February next, for thirty cords of GREEN wood, (good thick wood preferred). The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

1416 J. B. BROWN, Sec. to Trustees.

YOU'LL FIND IT IN WASHBURN'S GUIDE

New Goods

Arriving Daily.

If you want anything in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes, Clothing, Etc., call and see us. Prices right.

J. P. BEAUCHAMP,

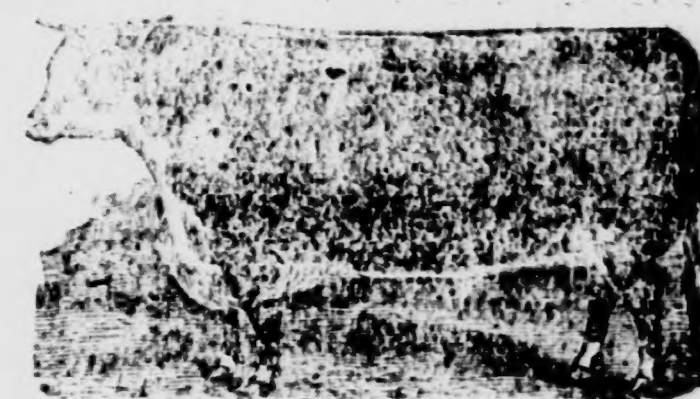
QU'APPELLE STATION.

Indecision

Don't stand on the corner and talk about Bailey's, but come in and see for yourself. We have the goods, our prices are right. If you don't buy we won't get cross. Come in and inspect goods.

C. T. BAILEY & CO.

MacCaul & Harvey



CORN

CRACKED

SACKED

\$1.25 per 100 lbs.

Qu'Appelle Valley Hotel.

The only Licensed house at Fort Qu'Appelle.

A full line of the choicest brands of Wines, Liquors, Ales, etc., is kept at the bar for the convenience of the public and visitors.

Parties seeking Health or Recreation find the Qu'Appelle Lakes Just the place to meet their requirements.

As well as a "Sportsman's Paradise."

ROBERT S. SMITH, Prop. FORT QU'APPELLE, N.W.T.

C. FETHERSTONHAUGH,

LIVERY STABLES

QU'APPELLE STATION and FORT QU'APPELLE

Daily Stage Between Fort Qu'Appelle and Qu'Appelle Station

First Class Rigs and Horses. Careful Drivers. Stage leaves Qu'Appelle Station at 8 a.m., and the Fort at 2 p.m.

Bull for Sale.

A fine dark red thoroughbred Shorthorn bull (registered pedigree). Apply to T. C. Bunn, sec. 22-17-14. Post office address—Qu'Appelle Station, N.W.T. 18-19p

For Sale.

A FIRST CLASS ORGAN, has been used very little. This is a snap. 17-18 Apply to W. L. WALK, Qu'Appelle.

APPLICATIONS WANTED.

APPLICATIONS for Assistant for the current year, at the salary of \$70, will be received up to noon, the 16th inst., also applications for road overseers for the various road divisions, will be received up to noon on the 7th March. By order, J. DOOLITTLE, Clerk.

Fresh Killed Meat

H. BRAY,

Wholesale and Retail

BUTCHER

QU'APPELLE STATION, QU'APPELLE STATION.

DRESSED : FISH : AND : BOUGHT : AND : SOLD

CUSTOM SOLICITED